

MDE4CPP

Setup & Installation Guide

For Windows

Table of contents

1. Ir	ntroduction	2
1.1.	Required Software	2
2. Ir	nstallation Process	3
2.1.	Setting up Java Development Kit	3
2.2.	Setting up Eclipse Modelling Framework	4
2.3.	Setting up MinGW-Compiler	12
2.4.	Setting up Gradle	14
2.5.	Setting up CMake	16
3. G	Setting MDE4CPP	18
3.1.	Setting up Git	18
3.2.	Cloning the Repository	19
4. S	etting up MDE4CPP	21
4.1.	Environment Configuration	21
4.2.	Building the Project	23

1. Introduction

This Installation Guide provides detailed step-by-step instructions on how to set up all the required software for proper usage of the MDE4CPP project as well as setting up and configuring MDE4CPP for first use.

Section 1.1 lists all required software that you will have to install and set up in order to be able to set up and work with MDE4CPP.

Section 2 provides step-by-step instructions on how to set up (and configure if applicable) all the required software mentioned in section 1.1 (including the Eclipse Modelling Framework and required Plugins).

There are two possible ways of how to get MDE4CPP (all project files and directories) onto your local machine, which are explained in section 3 (along with setting up possibly required additional software).

Section 4 provides instructions on how to configure required environment variables for the build process, as well as on how to build the project itself using the Gradle software, once it was brought to your local machine.

For further information on the MDE4CPP project please see the project site.

1.1. Required Software

The following list names all the software required to set up and work with MDE4CPP on your local machine.

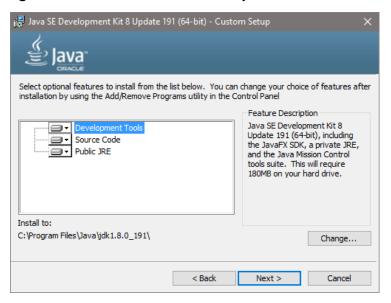
Software	Recommended Version	
Eclipse Modelling Framework (including required plugins)	2018-09, Photon, Oxygen or older version	
Java Development Kit (JDK)	version 1.8	
MinGW-C++-Compiler	64-bit version required	
Gradle	no specific recommendation (preferably newest)	
CMake	no specific recommendation (preferably newest)	

2. Installation Process

2.1. Setting up Java Development Kit

Step 1: Download the installation file for *Java Development Kit 1.8*. Choose an installation file suitable for your system here.

Step 2: Start the Installer. After clicking **Next** on the initial dialog, choose the components that you want to install. For this guide, we install the full package and leave the options as is. Next, choose your installation directory. For this guide, we choose **C:\Program Files** as installation directory. Click **Next**.



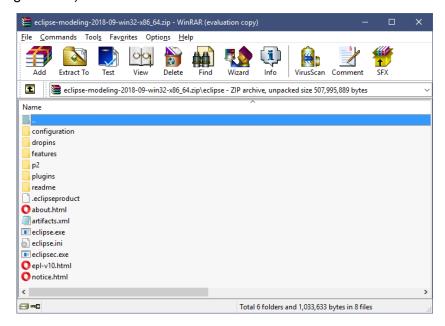
Step 3: After the installation process has finished, click *Close* to finish the setup or *Next Steps* for further information about *JDK1.8*.



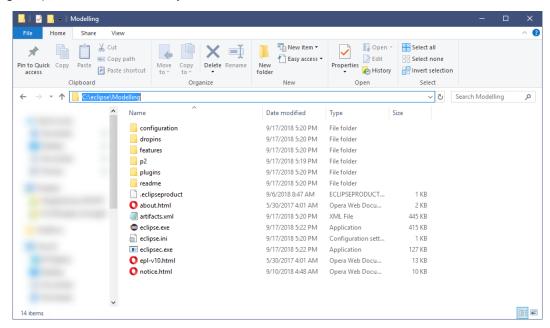
2.2. Setting up Eclipse Modelling Framework

2.2.1. Setting up Eclipse Modelling Tools

Step 1: Download an out-of-the-box package of *Eclipse Modelling Tools*. You can download a version suitable for your system here (scroll down and search for *Eclipse Modelling Tools*). For this guide we choose the 64-bit version of the latest release of *Eclipse 2018-09*. After downloading *Eclipse Modelling Tools*, open the archive (e.g. using *WinRar*).



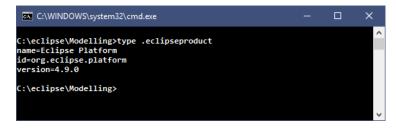
Step 2: Choose a directory to extract *Eclipse Modelling Tools*. It is recommended to extract *Eclipse Modelling Tools* to *C:\eclipse\Modelling* (which we choose for this guide). Create the directory and extract the files.



Hint: To check out your version of *Eclipse*, open a command prompt and navigate to your *Eclipse Modelling Tools* directory. Type in the following commands:

cd C:\eclipse\Modelling

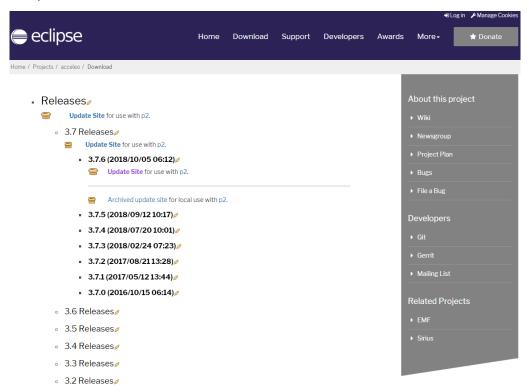
type .eclipseproduct



Step 3: Open *eclipse.exe* in your *Eclipse Modelling Tools* directory. You will be asked to define a *workspace directory*. In this directory, all your future *Eclipse*-projects will be saved (working directory), so choose a directory that you have <u>read and write</u> permission for. You can then choose to set this directory as default or not.

2.2.2. Setting up Acceleo

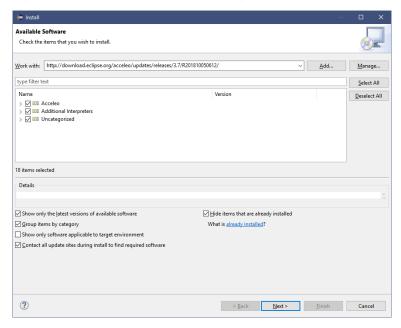
Step 1: First you will need a link (URL) to an *Eclipse* software repository. You can find all releases of *Acceleo* here. Choose a version of *Acceleo* and follow the link to the update site.



Step 2: Copy the URL of the update site from your browser. Depending on the version of *Acceleo* that you would like to install, this URL could look like this:

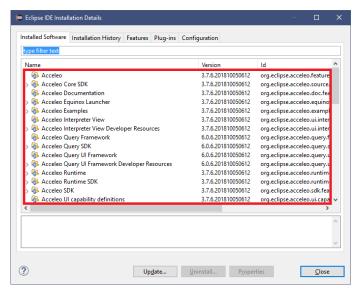
http://download.eclipse.org/acceleo/updates/releases/3.7/R201810050612/

Open *Eclipse*. From the menu bar, choose *Help* \rightarrow *Install New Software*. Paste the URL of the update site into the "*Work with*"-input-box and click *Add...* \rightarrow *Add*.



Step 3: Check all three categories to install *Acceleo* completely (as shown above). Click Next. *Eclipse* will now check requirements and dependencies. After that, click $Next \rightarrow Finish$. *Eclipse* will now install all software components of *Acceleo* in the background. When the installation process has finished, you will have to restart *Eclipse*.

To check if the installation was successful, open *Eclipse* and navigate to *Help > About Eclipse IDE > Installation Details > Installed Software*.



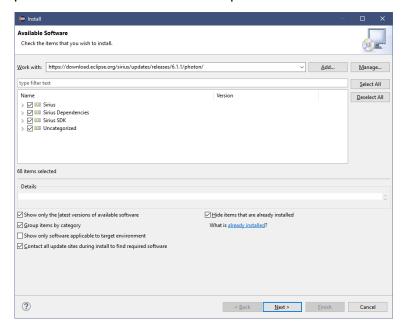
2.2.3. Setting up Sirius

Step 1: First you will need a link (URL) to an *Eclipse* software repository. You can find all releases of *Sirius* here. Choose a version of *Sirius* and follow the link to the update site.

Step 2: Copy the URL of the update site from your browser. Depending on the version of *Sirius* that you would like to install, this URL could look like this:

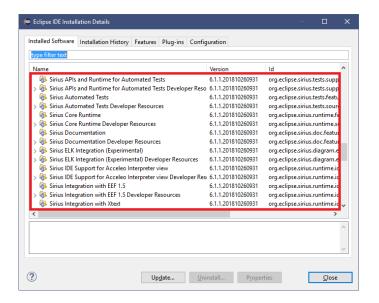
https://download.eclipse.org/sirius/updates/releases/6.1.1/photon/

Open *Eclipse*. From the menu bar, choose *Help* \rightarrow *Install New Software*. Paste the URL of the update site into the "*Work with*"-input-box and click *Add...* \rightarrow *Add*.



Step 3: Check all four categories to install *Sirius* completely (as shown above). Click Next. *Eclipse* will now check requirements and dependencies. After that, click *Next* → *Finish*. *Eclipse* will now install all software components of *Sirius* in the background. When the installation process has finished, you will have to restart *Eclipse*.

To check if the installation was successful, open *Eclipse* and navigate to *Help* \rightarrow *About Eclipse IDE* \rightarrow *Installation Details* \rightarrow *Installed Software*.



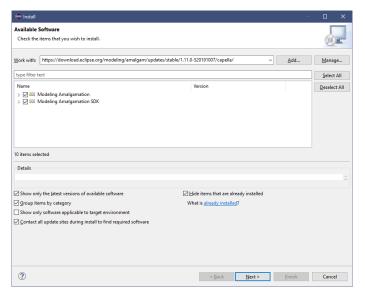
2.2.4. Setting up Amalgam

Step 1: First you will need a link (URL) to an *Eclipse* software repository. You can find all releases of *Amalgam* <u>here</u>. Choose a version of *Amalgam* and follow the link to the update site.

Step 2: Copy the URL of the update site from your browser. Depending on the version of *Amalgam* that you would like to install, this URL could look like this:

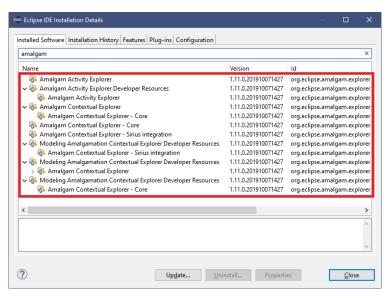
https://download.eclipse.org/modeling/amalgam/updates/stable/1.11.0-S20191007/capella/

Open *Eclipse*. From the menu bar, choose *Help* \rightarrow *Install New Software*. Paste the URL of the update site into the "*Work with*"-input-box and click *Add...* \rightarrow *Add*.



Step 3: Check the two categories to install *Amalgam* completely (as shown above). Click Next. *Eclipse* will now check requirements and dependencies. After that, click *Next → Finish*. *Eclipse* will now install all software components of *Amalgam* in the background. When the installation process has finished, you will have to restart *Eclipse*.

To check if the installation was successful, open *Eclipse* and navigate to *Help > About Eclipse IDE > Installation Details > Installed Software*.



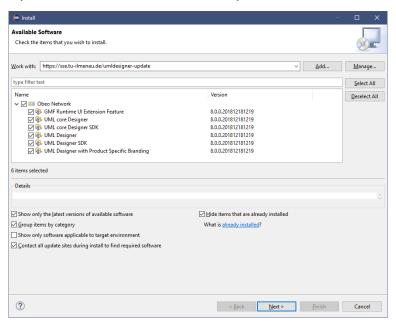
2.2.5. Setting up UMLDesigner

UMLDesigner is a tool for graphical editing of UML models in Eclipse Modelling Framework.

Step 1: Copy the following URL of the update site for *UMLDesigner*.

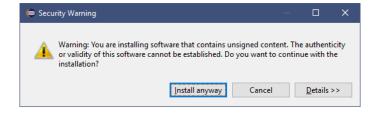
https://sse.tu-ilmenau.de/umldesigner-update

Open *Eclipse*. From the menu bar, choose *Help* \rightarrow *Install New Software*. Paste the URL of the update site into the "*Work with*"-input-box and click *Add...* \rightarrow *Add*.

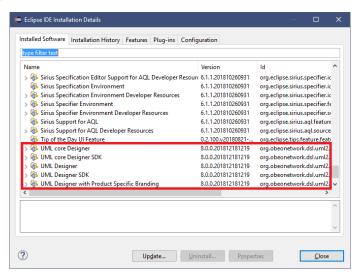


Step 2: Check the category *Obeo Network* to install *UMLDesigner* completely (as shown above). Click Next. *Eclipse* will now check requirements and dependencies. After that, click *Next* → *Finish*. *Eclipse* will now install all software components of *UMLDesigner* in the background. When the installation process has finished, you will have to restart *Eclipse*.

If *Eclipse* shows a message: "Warning: You are installing software that contains unsigned content", click *Install anyway*.



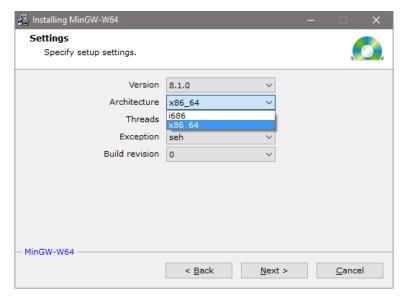
Step 3: Check if the installation was successful. Open *Eclipse* and navigate to *Help* → *About Eclipse IDE* → *Installation Details* → *Installed Software*.



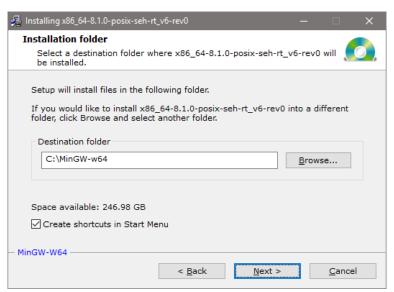
2.3. Setting up MinGW-Compiler

Step 1: Download an installation file of your choice. For MDE4CPP the 64-bit version of the 'traditional' *MinGW-*Compiler called *MinGW-w64* is required. You can download it here (online installer).

Step 2: Start the installer. After clicking **Next** on the initial dialog, choose your system settings. Choose to install *MinGW-w64* as 64-bit version. We will leave all other settings as is.

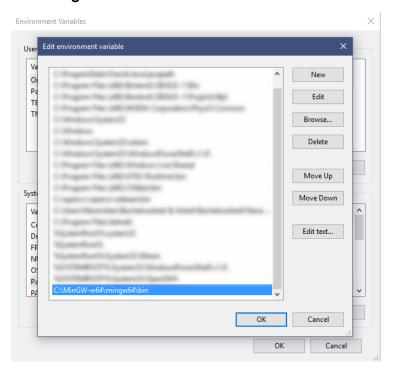


Step 3: After clicking *Next* on the settings dialog, choose the installation path. It is highly recommended to choose *C:WinGW-w64* as the installation directory.



Step 4: After setting up the installation directory, the installation process will begin. After the process finishes, click *Next* to finish the setup.

Step 5: Add *MinGW-w64* to the environment variables. Open a file explorer and right-click on *This PC*. Click on *Properties* → *Advanced System Settings* → *Environment Variables*. Under *System variables*, find the *Path* variable. Click on *Edit...* → *New* and enter the *MinGW-w64* binaries directory. In our case the directory is *C:WinGW-w64\mingw64\bin*. Click OK to finish.

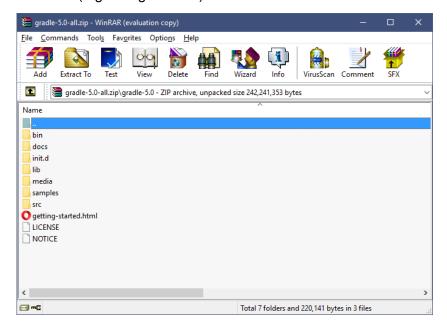


Hint: You can check if your setup was successful by opening a command prompt and typing in *gcc-v*. You should see an output similar to this:

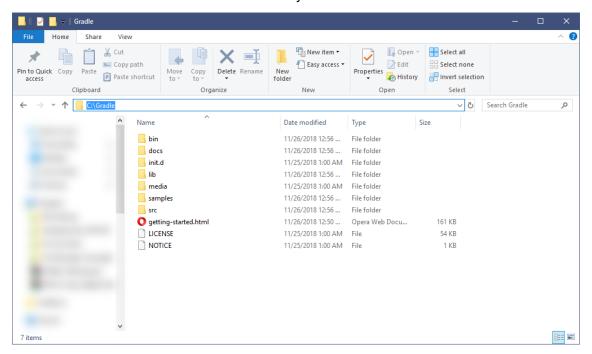


2.4. Setting up Gradle

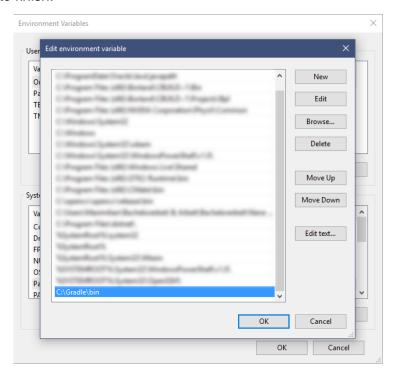
Step 1: Download *Gradle*. You can download a packaged version here. For this guide, we choose the *Complete* packaged .ZIP archive. After downloading *Gradle*, open the archive (e.g. using *WinRar*).



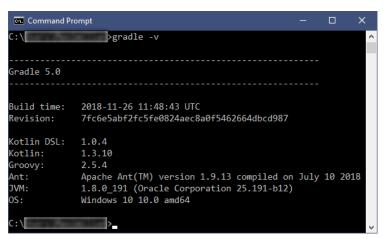
Step 2: Choose a directory to extract *Gradle*. It is highly recommended to extract *Gradle* to *C:\Gradle*. Create the directory and extract the files.



Step 3: Add *Gradle* to the environment variables. Open a file explorer and right-click on *This PC*. Click on *Properties* → *Advanced System Settings* → *Environment Variables*. Under *System variables*, find the *Path* variable. Click on *Edit...* → *New* and enter the *Gradle* binaries directory. In our case the directory is *C:\Gradle\bin*. Click OK to finish.

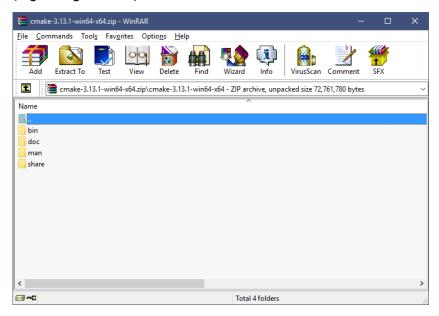


Hint: You can check if your setup was successful by opening a command prompt and typing in *gradle -v.* You should see an output similar to this:

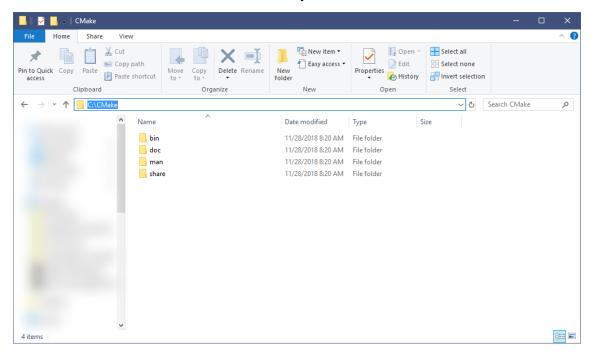


2.5. Setting up CMake

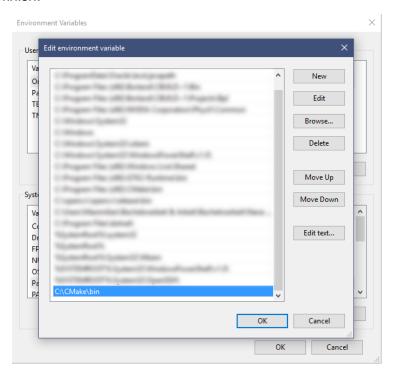
Step 1: Download *CMake*. You can download a packaged version or an installer suitable for your system here. **Note**: For this guide, we choose a 64-bit-version .ZIP archive which does not require installation. After downloading *CMake*, open the archive (e.g. using *WinRar*).



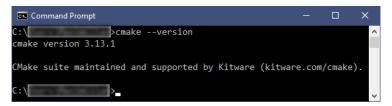
Step 2: Choose a directory to extract *CMake*. It is highly recommended to extract *CMake* to *C:\CMake*. Create the directory and extract the files.



Step 3: Add *CMake* to the environment variables. Open a file explorer and right-click on *This PC*. Click on *Properties* → *Advanced System Settings* → *Environment Variables*. Under *System variables*, find the *Path* variable. Click on *Edit...* → *New* and enter the *CMake* binaries directory. In our case the directory is *C:\CMake\bin*. Click OK to finish.



Hint: You can check if your setup was successful by opening a command prompt and typing in *cmake --version*. You should see an output similar to this:



3. Getting MDE4CPP

There are two ways of how to obtain MDE4CPP and get the files to your local machine. Either via a packaged .ZIP archive or by directly linking to the repository using the *Git* software.

Although you can download an archive, it is **heavily** recommended (for development purposes and/or to easily update the project files) to work with the repository via *Git*.

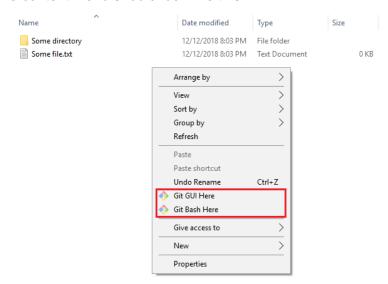
3.1. Setting up Git

Step 1: Download the installation file for *Git*. Choose an installation file suitable for your system here.

Step 2: Start the installer. After clicking **Next** on the initial dialog, choose any installation path for *Git* (e.g. **C:\Program Files\Git**). Using the following few dialogs, choose your installation settings. The *Git* installer offers several options for customized installation. For this guide, we leave everything as is (for every dialog).

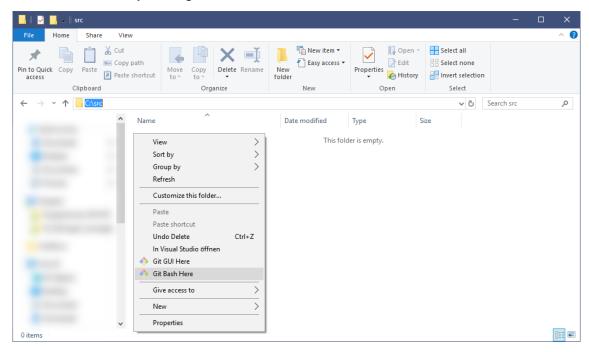
After clicking *Install* on the last installation settings dialog, wait for the installation process to finish.

Hint: You can check if your installation was successful by opening a file explorer and navigating to any directory of your choice. Navigate the cursor to a blank spot and right-click. The context menu should look like this:



3.2. Cloning the Repository

Step 1: After having *Git* installed, choose a directory that you want to clone the MDE4CPP repository to. For this guide, we choose *C:\src*. Navigate to your MDE4CPP directory and right-click. Choose *Git Bash Here*



Step 2: The *Git Bash* should have opened. Type in the following command:

git clone https://github.com/MDE4CPP/MDE4CPP.git

Press Enter. *Git* will now clone the repository into the MDE4CPP directory. In our case the directory is *C:\src\MDE4CPP*. You should get an output similar to this:

```
MINGW64/c/src

$ git clone https://github.com/MDE4CPP/MDE4CPP.git
Cloning into 'MDE4CPP'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 885, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (885/885), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (490/490), done.
remote: Total 50528 (delta 642), reused 521 (delta 335), pack-reused 49643
Receiving objects: 100% (50528/50528), 36.74 MiB | 402.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (35358/35358), done.
Checking out files: 100% (1648/1648), done.

MINGW64 /c/src

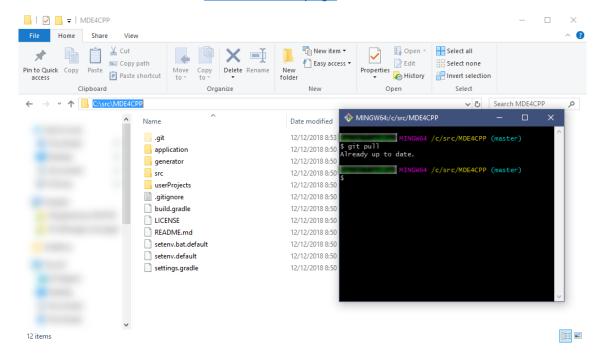
$ |
```

Step 3: You have now successfully cloned the MDE4CPP repository on your local machine. To pull the latest state of the repository later, navigate to your MDE4CPP directory (in our case the directory is *C:\srcWDE4CPP*) and open a *Git Bash* (see above). Type in the following command:

git pull

Git will now either tell you if your repository state is up to date or download the latest changes.

If you want to use MDE4CPP for development purposes, please find further information about *Git* on the <u>documentation page</u>.



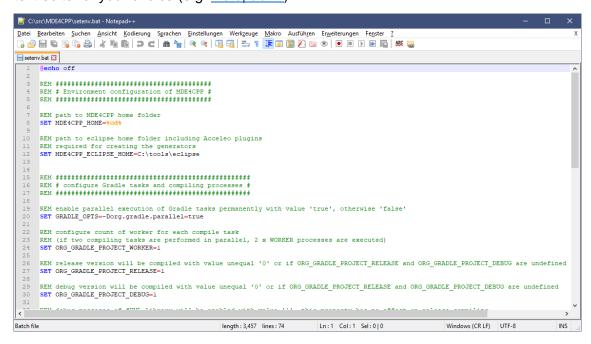
4. Setting up MDE4CPP

4.1. Environment Configuration

Before being able to build the project, you first have to configure some environment parameters which are required for the build process.

Step 1: Navigate to your MDE4CPP directory (in our case the directory is *C:\src\MDE4CPP*).

Find a file called **setenv.bat.default**, select it and press **CTRL+C** and **CTRL+V** to create a backup of the original file (in case something goes wrong). Rename the original file from **setenv.bat.default** to **setenv.bat** and open it with a text editor of your choice (e.g. Notepad++).



Step 2: Now you will need to replace some lines inside of the file. The lines that need to be adapted will be listed down below. The replaced directories or version numbers will be the ones chosen in the installation guides in section 2. Please replace with your OWN parameters, if deviant.

```
replace SET MDE4CPP_HOME=%cd%

with SET MDE4CPP_HOME=C:\src\MDE4CPP

replace SET MDE4CPP_ECLIPSE_HOME=C:\tools\eclipse

with SET MDE4CPP_ECLIPSE_HOME=C:\eclipse\Modelling
```

replace SET CMAKE_HOME=C:\tools\CMake

with SET CMAKE_HOME=C:\CMake

replace SET COMPILER_HOME=C:\tools\MinGW

with SET COMPILER_HOME=C:\MinGW-w64\mingw64

replace SET JAVA_HOME=C:\Program Files\java\jdk1.8.0_162

with SET JAVA_HOME=C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_191

replace REM SET PATH=C:\Windows\system32;

C:\Windows;C:\Windows\System32\Wbem;

C:\Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\

with SET PATH=C:\Windows\system32;

C:\Windows;C:\Windows\System32\Wbem; C:\Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\

replace SET COMPILER_VERSION=8.1.0

Hint: You can find out the version of your compiler by opening a command prompt and typing in: gcc - v (see section 2.3).

Step 3: Make sure to save the file **setenv.bat** after you applied the changes.

4.2. Building the Project

Step 1: Open a command prompt, change the directory to your MDE4CPP directory (in our case the directory is *C:\srcWDE4CPP*) and run the adapted **setenv.bat**. Type in the following commands:

cd C:\src\MDE4CPP

setenv.bat

gradlew

You should see an output similar to this:

```
C:\src\MDE4CPP>setenv.bat
C:\src\MDE4CPP>gradlew
Starting a Gradle Daemon, 1 incompatible and 1 stopped Daemons could not be reused, use --status for details
Parallel execution is an incubating feature.

> Task :help
Welcome to Gradle 4.10.1.
To run a build, run gradlew <task> ...
To see a list of available tasks, run gradlew tasks
To see a list of command-line options, run gradlew --help
To see more detail about a task, run gradlew help --task <task>
For troubleshooting, visit https://help.gradle.org

BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 1m 6s
1 actionable task: 1 executed
C:\src\MDE4CPP>_
```

Step 2: In the same the command prompt, type in the following command to start the building process (this might take a while):

gradlew buildAll

After the compilation process has finished, you should see an output similar to this:

```
[ 76%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/DOMPrintErrorHandler.cpp.obj (76%) Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/DOMPrintErrorHandler.cpp.obj (82%) Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/DOMPrintFilter.cpp.obj (82%) Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/DOMPrintFilter.cpp.obj (94%) Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/DOMPrintFilter.cpp.obj (196%) Building CXX object CMakeFiles/persistence.dir/xml/xerces/XStr.cpp.obj (196%) Build target persistence (196%) Build tar
```

Finished: MDE4CPP was successfully set up and is now ready for use.