

Fully Packed Loop configurations on squares and triangles

ILSE FISCHER

Universität Wien

Fully Packed Loop configurations (FPLs) are subgraphs of the square grid such that each internal node is of degree two. While these objects arise naturally in a statistical physics context as a model for ice, they also lead to intriguing enumeration problems. I will start by giving a survey on FPLs of square shape, including Wieland's gyration, the Razumov-Stroganov (ex-)Conjecture and a connection to rhombus tilings. Fully Packed Loop configurations of triangular shape (TFPLs) first appeared in the study of FPLs on a square where they were used to show that the number of FPLs with a given link pattern that has m nested arches is a polynomial function in m . It soon turned out that TFPLs possess a number of other nice properties. For instance, we will see how a curious inequality involving the boundary condition of TFPLs led to the discovery that TFPLs can be seen as a generalized model for Littlewood-Richardson coefficients, thereby establishing an unexpected link to algebra. Moreover, it will be discussed why this could be the starting point for a new approach towards the enumeration of TFPLs.