

DAEs - Control and Numerics

Exercise Sheet 1 - Solution theory

Exercise 1 (Regularity)

Check whether the matrix pairs

$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right), \quad \left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

are regular or singular and determine their Kronecker canonical forms by elementary row and column transformations.

Exercise 2 (Wong-sequences)

Consider

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad E := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ -3 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -2 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Calculate the so-called Wong sequences, given by

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{V}_0 &:= \mathbb{R}^n, & \mathcal{V}_{i+1} &:= A^{-1}(E\mathcal{V}_i), \\ \mathcal{W}_0 &:= \{0\}, & \mathcal{W}_{i+1} &:= E^{-1}(A\mathcal{W}_i), \end{aligned}$$

where $M^{-1}(\mathcal{S}) := \{ x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid Mx \in \mathcal{S} \}$ is the pre-image of the some set $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ under the matrix $M \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ and $M\mathcal{S} := \{ Mx \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid x \in \mathcal{S} \}$ is the image of \mathcal{S} under M .

Choose full rank matrices V, W with $\text{im } V = \bigcap_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \mathcal{V}_i$ and $\text{im } W = \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \mathcal{W}_i$ and calculate PEQ and PAQ where $P := [V, W]$ and $Q := [EV, AW]^{-1}$. What do you observe?

Exercise 3 (Drazin inverse)

Consider a regular matrix pair (E, A) and any $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $\det(\lambda E - A) \neq 0$. Prove that $\hat{E} := (\lambda E - A)^{-1}E$ and $\hat{A} := (\lambda E - A)^{-1}A$ commute, i.e. $\hat{E}\hat{A} := \hat{A}\hat{E}$.

Furthermore, calculate the Drazin inverse \hat{E}^D of \hat{E} and \hat{A}^D of \hat{A} with (E, A) as in Exercise 2 and $\lambda = -1$.

Exercise 4 (A bad distribution)

Denote with \mathcal{C}_0^∞ the space of smooth functions $\varphi : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with bounded support. Consider the following linear mapping

$$\mathcal{C}_0^\infty \ni \varphi \mapsto \sum_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \frac{(-1)^i}{i+1} \varphi\left(\frac{(-1)^i}{i+1}\right).$$

Show that this mapping is well defined for all $\varphi \in \mathcal{C}_0^\infty$, i.e. the infinite sum converges in \mathbb{R} .

Consider now the “restriction” of this mapping to the open interval $(0, \infty)$:

$$\mathcal{C}_0^\infty \ni \varphi \mapsto \sum_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \frac{1}{2i+1} \varphi\left(\frac{1}{2i+1}\right).$$

Show that this mapping is not well defined if $\varphi(0) \neq 0$.